SUMMARY

In this study is shown the possibility of locating calcium in thin section soils preparations by the contact microradiography technique by using continuous filtered X-ray spectra. The filters used are specified in thickness in order to obtain a band width of the spectrum appropriate for the study.

The calcium is found preferably distributed in the mineral grains of the preparation with a gradient decreasing towards the periphery of the grain as well as towards the regions of maximum alteration.

From the results obtained, it is concluded that contact microradiography is a useful method for the micro-morphological study of soils.

mainder of the structures present in the preparations donot seem to contain such element.

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